ADVICE
FOR YOUR FIRST VISIT WITH A RHEUMATOLOGIST

You will need a referral from your General Practitioner to make an appointment with a rheumatologist (whether in private practice or public hospital outpatient clinic). Please bring a copy of the referral, a health summary, your list of medications, your family history (including information about relatives with hematologic/autoimmune conditions) and previous relevant tests and X-rays or other imaging tests if available. A supportive friend or relative would be welcome, as many issues may be discussed.

Costs
In Australia, if you have a Medicare card, costs to see a rheumatologist are subsidised but often there is a gap in private practice and this differs in different areas. Please ring the practice directly for costs. If there are concerns regarding out of pocket costs, most large public hospitals have rheumatology clinics that are free of charge to Medicare card holders.

WHERE DO I GO FOR MORE INFORMATION?

This brochure provides answers to some of the commonly asked questions. If you would like further information please speak with your rheumatologist.

If you wish to find a rheumatologist in your local area, consult the directory on the Australian Rheumatology Association website under Find a Rheumatologist:

www.rheumatology.org.au

For more general information about arthritis and related diseases contact the Arthritis Australia helpline on 1800 011 041.

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SYDNEY NSW 2000 AUSTRALIA
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WHAT IS A RHEUMATOLOGIST?

This brochure has been produced to help explain the role of your Rheumatologist in treating your condition and managing your ongoing care.

Fostering excellence in the diagnosis and management of musculoskeletal and rheumatic diseases through training, research and advocacy.

Australian Rheumatology Association
Many people who are referred to see a rheumatologist for the first time may not know much about this medical specialty. Here we briefly explain what the specialty of rheumatology involves, what rheumatologists do, and what to expect when you see a rheumatologist.

A rheumatologist is a specialist physician who has expertise in diagnosing and treating arthritis and other musculoskeletal conditions and autoimmune diseases.

Arthritis mainly affects the joints while other musculoskeletal conditions can also affect the joints, bones, muscles, tendons and ligaments. Autoimmune diseases also commonly affect the musculoskeletal system but many of the conditions rheumatologists treat may affect the rest of the body, including eyes, skin, internal organs and the nervous system.

Rheumatologists are experts in treating the many different types of arthritis and other musculoskeletal conditions including:

- **Osteoarthritis**, which most commonly occurs in the hands, hips, knees or feet
- **Gout**, which most commonly affects the big toe but can also affect other joints such as knees and hands
- **Osteoporosis**, which increases the risk of broken bones
- **Pain** that affects one or more specific parts of the body, most commonly the **lower back, neck, shoulder, hip, and foot**
- **Generalised pain conditions** (e.g. **fibromyalgia**)

They also diagnose and treat autoimmune diseases including:

- **Rheumatoid arthritis**
- **Psoriatic arthritis**, a type of arthritis that occurs in people with psoriasis
- **Ankylosing Spondylitis**, which most commonly affects the back
- **Reactive Arthritis**, which most commonly occurs in young adults after an infection
- **Lupus** (Systemic Lupus Erythematosus, SLE)
- **Scleroderma**, which affects the skin, blood vessels (Raynaud’s phenomenon) and may affect the kidneys, lungs and other organs
- **Sjogren’s syndrome** which commonly causes dry eyes and dry mouth
- **Myositis**, which involves inflammation in the muscles

Some rheumatologists will also have interests or specific experience in certain areas. In particular there are also **pediatric rheumatologists** who see patients under 18 years. Conditions in children and adolescents are often quite different from adult conditions and require particular expertise.

For a more extensive list see the Arthritis Australia website [www.arthritisaustralia.com.au](http://www.arthritisaustralia.com.au)

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**WHAT WILL HAPPEN WHEN I SEE THE RHEUMATOLOGIST?**

**The Diagnosis**

Rheumatologists in Australia undertake at least six years of specialist training after completing their medical degree and hospital internship. This includes physician training and specialist training in rheumatology. Your rheumatologist is specially trained to do the detective work necessary to discover the cause of your symptoms. He or she will usually ask you to explain the history of the problem and will undertake a physical examination. Additional investigations such as blood tests, X-rays and scans may also be needed.

**Information and Advice**

Once a diagnosis is made, your rheumatologist will explain the nature of your illness and what you might expect in the future. This is an important step, particularly for illnesses that might affect you over a long period.

**Treatment**

Your rheumatologist is an expert in the comprehensive and holistic management of the whole person. With an accurate diagnosis and a shared understanding of your illness, you and your rheumatologist can work together to design a treatment program aimed at managing pain, reducing inflammation and ensuring your quality of life.

**Ongoing Management**

Depending on the nature of your illness, you may need to see your rheumatologist regularly for ongoing management. Some specialised medications can only be prescribed by a rheumatologist. Alternatively you may be treated by your GP, with the rheumatologist on hand for specialist advice.

**So how will my condition be treated?**

As your rheumatologist will explain, there are a number of treatment options available including Physical therapy/Surgery, Medications/Surgery. He or she will advise you on the different options and what may be best for you. This will depend on the exact nature of your illness, your circumstances and preferences, and any other individual needs or problems. It is important that you share your concerns with your rheumatologist so that together you can agree on the best approach for you.

Support research into arthritis and other musculoskeletal disorders

The Australian Rheumatology Association Research Trust welcomes donations and bequests to help support arthritis research in Australia. For more information about the Trust or to make a donation please contact:

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